Manuscripts of Scholia Ulpiani on Demosthenes, Orations 1, 3 and 4

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CHOLIA attributed to Ulpian are extant for eleven of the deliberative orations of Demosthenes (1–4, 10, 11, 13–17) and seven of the forensic orations (18–24). As even brief perusal of Dindorf's edition of Demosthenic scholia will reveal, Scholia Ulpiani (usually indicated by the sigla **T C V**) constitute a preponderance of, if not virtually all, scholia on these orations (cf. 10–14, 16, 17). In fact the editio princeps of Demosthenic scholia (Aldus, Venice 1503) is actually an edition of Scholia Ulpiani, for scholia from independent recensions were scarcely known until 1770 when scholia were published from Monacensis gr. 485 (A, saec. 10) and Monacensis gr. 85 (B, saec. 13), which is an apograph of Marcianus gr. 416 (F, saec. 10). Eighty-one years later Dindorf made the first attempt at a complete edition of Demosthenic scholia,² and he included scholia from A and B as well as two other recensions independent of Scholia Ulpiani: (1) Parisinus gr. 2935 (Y, saec. 10), Laurentianus gr. 59.9 (P, saec. 10)³ and (2) Parisinus gr. 2934 (S, saec. 9/10).

Although Dindorf accomplished more than previous editors, his edition derives from inadequate Ms. evidence. Thus of the four Mss. Dindorf used in editing Scholia Ulpiani, only one, **T** (Paris.gr. 2940, saec. 13), is a primary witness for Scholia Ulpiani on the Olynthiacs and first Philippic. A recent study of Mss. of Scholia Ulpiani on Or. 24 has brought to light another primary Ms. for these orations, **Bc** (Bonon. 3564, saec. 13). In addition, Scholia Ulpiani are found in seventeen

¹ See J. J. Reiske, ed. Oratorum graecorum quorum princeps est Demosthenes...II (Leipzig 1770) 1–196, "Scholia vetusta in Demosthenis." On codices **F** and **B**, see M. R. Dilts, "Demosthenic Scholia in Marcianus gr. 416 and Monacensis gr. 85," Studia Codicologica, edd. K. Treu, J. Dummer, J. Irmscher, F. Paschke (Berlin 1977) 151–58.

² Demosthenes ex recensione Gulielmi Dindorfii, VIII, IX: Scholia graeca ex codicibus aucta et emendata (Oxford 1851). All references to scholia are from this edition.

³ On Dindorf's inadequate use of this Ms., see M. R. Dilts, "Demosthenic Scholia in Codex Laurentianus 59, 9," *TAPA* 104 (1974) 97–102.

⁴ On **T** and **Bc**, see M. R. Dilts, "The Manuscript Tradition of the Scholia Ulpiani on Demosthenis in Timocratem," TAPA 105 (1975) 39-41. For the orations discussed here, **T Bc**

previously unexamined Mss.; it is these which are considered in this article.

When compared with **T** and **Bc**, MSS. Scrutinized here will be shown to differ in several respects. Thus when Scholia Ulpiani are cognate with scholia of **F**(**B**) **Y A**, these MSS. agree variously with **T Bc** and with **F**(**B**) **Y A**, and at times these MSS. contain scholia from **F**(**B**) **Y A** while **T Bc** contain only Scholia Ulpiani. In other cases these MSS. contain scholia⁵ and correct readings found neither in **F**(**B**) **Y A** nor in **T Bc**. In studying these MSS. my objectives have been to establish stemmatic relationships and to determine which MSS. will be of practical use in editing Scholia Ulpiani.⁶

Ι

The following Mss. appear to derive from a common exemplar by virtue of conjunctive errors:⁷

Ca, Cambridge, Fitzwilliam Museum 229, saec. 14

Fu, Florence, Biblioteca Medicea Laurenziana, conv.soppr. 168, saec. 14/15

contain separative errors such as the following:

^{32.27} λυπηρός Βε λυπηρά Τ

^{65.2} αὐτὸ T, om. Bc

^{66.19} περιγενοίμεθα] περιγενώμεθα Βς περιγενόμεθα Τ

^{113.16} βοηθής ειν Βε βοηθής αι Τ

^{114.4} άλλως Τ έςτι οὖν τὸ Βο

^{140.27-29} T, om. Bc

^{142.2} Χαλκιδικών Βε Χαλκιδονικών Τ

⁵ Most of these were first edited by Morelli (Δημοςθένους λόγοι...ς ταις ἐξηγήςες ιν ωφελιμωτάταις τοῦ Οὐλπιανοῦ ῥήτορος...διὰ φιλοπονίας καὶ ἐπιμελείας τοῦ Γουλιέλμου Μορελίου... Lutetiae 1570 ap. Io. Benetatum). The editio princeps of Scholia Ulpiani (Editio Aldina, Venice 1503) lacks these scholia, which Dindorf identifies with the siglum **P**.

⁶ This article is based on a collation of the following pages of Dindorf's edition: (Or. 1) 31.1-33.19, 54.24-55.8, 56.3-57.4, 58.13-59.16, 64.13-65.2, 66.15-67.6; (Or. 3) 112.3-114.5; (Or. 4) 139.1-19, 140.27-142.15, 142.24-143.13, as well as a comparison of scholia found in each Ms. and further collations of selected scholia. Collations by students in a seminar in Greek palaeography and textual criticism show that findings reported for Orr. 1, 3 and 4 are also valid for Or. 2. I have not observed Scholia Ulpiani in Mss. which contain only Or. 2.

^{7 32.7} εὐθὺς—8 cυμφέρον T Bc Wd Af Vb εὐθὺς ἂν αὐτοὶ (αὐτὸς Ca) ἀντὶ πολλῶν χρημάτων τὸ cυμφέρον ἡρπάςητε Ca Fu Mm Oi Mf Sc, Σ om. Vd Ah

^{.15} $\epsilon m \epsilon \iota \delta \dot{\eta}$ T Bc Wd Af Vb $\dot{\omega}_{c}$ $\dot{\epsilon} m \epsilon \iota \delta \dot{\eta}$ Ca Fu Mm Oi Mf Sc Vd, Σ om. Ah

^{.18} λυπηρῶν T Bc Wd Af Vb τοῦτο δὲ ἦν λυπηρόν Ca Fu Mm Oi Mf Sc Vd, Σ om.

- Mm, Venice, Biblioteca Nazionale Marciana, Z 420 (coll. 860), saec. 14/15
- Oi, Oxford, Bodleian Library, Canon.gr. 42, saec. 14
- Mf, Munich, Bayerische Staatsbibliothek, gr. 432, saec. 15
- Sc, Salamanca, Biblioteca de la Universidad, 231 (1-2-11), saec. 15
- Vd, Rome, Biblioteca Apostolica Vaticana, gr. 70, saec. 14
- Ah, Milan, Biblioteca Ambrosiana, D 355 inf., an. 1525.

Scholia and readings in copies of this exemplar also appear in codex **F**:8

- 44.26-45.5 F B Oi Mf Sc Vd Ah, Σ om. Ca Fu Mm T Bc
- 56.11 χρήcιμα **F B Ca Fu Mm Oi Mf Sc Vd Ah** χρήcιμά ἐcτιν **T Bc**
- 58.13 μικτὸν **F B Ca Fu Vd Ah** μικρὸν **T Bc**, Σ om. **Mm Oi Mf Sc**
- $64.16 \, \pi\rho \delta c \, \mathbf{F} \, \mathbf{B} \, \mathbf{Ca} \, \mathbf{Fu} \, \mathbf{Mm} \, \mathbf{Oi} \, \mathbf{Mf} \, \mathbf{Sc} \, \mathbf{Vd} \, \mathbf{Ah} \, \epsilon \delta c \, \mathbf{T} \, \mathbf{Bc}$
- 67.6 γνωρίζειν **T** Bc χαρακτηρίζειν **F** B Ca Fu Vd Ah, Σ om. Mm Oi Mf Sc
- 137.22–25 **F B Ca Fu Mm Oi Mf**, Σ om. **T Bc**
- 144.14–18 **F B Ca Fu Mm**, Σ om. Oi Mf T Bc
- 156.19-21 **F B Oi Mf**, Σ om. Ca Fu Mm T Bc

In addition **Ca Fu Mm Oi Mf** have further evidence of contamination:

136.23 ἐν τοῖς ἄνω Η R S⁹ Ca Fu Μm εὐτάκτως F B

^{33.4} ὑπεριδεῖν T Bc Wd Af Vb ὑπεριδεῖν ἐθελήςειαν (-αιεν Ca Fu Mm) Ca Fu Mm Oi Mf Sc Vd, Σ om. Ah

^{58.20} $\xi_{\chi \in \mathcal{U}}$ ($\xi_{\chi \in \mathcal{U}}$ Vb) TBc Wd Vb, om. Ca Fu Vd Ah, Σ om. Mm Oi Mf Sc Af The sigla Wd (Vindob.phil.gr. 105), Af (Ambrosianus C 235 inf.) and Vb (Vatic.gr. 68) are introduced here as representative of recensions discussed in sections II and III of this article. Conjunctive errors occur only for Or. 1, since Sc lacks scholia on 3 and 4; Vd derives from Vb for 3 and 4; Ah derives from T for 3 and 4; Oi Mf contain an identical selection of scholia on 3 and 4, but not those collated. References to catalogue descriptions of Mss. discussed in this article are to be found in M. Richard, Répertoire des bibliothèques et des catalogues de manuscrits grecs² (Paris 1958) and Supplément I (Paris 1964).

⁸ See Dilts, op.cit. (supra n.1). Some of these scholia also occur in other MSS., but agreements in readings indicate that these MSS. derive from **F** (**B**). Moreover the following readings make it clear that **Ca Fu Mm** derive from **F**, not **B**:

^{126.8} τὸ Β εἴ τις τὸ F Ca Fu Mm

^{129.17} $\tau o \hat{v}^2$ **B**, om. **F** Ca Fu Mm

^{.18} μέςοις **B** μέςω **F Fu Mm**, sine term. **Ca**

^{137.5} πλείονα έν F Ca Fu Mm πλείον τὰ Β

⁹ Readings for **HRS** are reported by Dindorf. **H** (*Paris.gr.* 2508, *saec.* 15) appears to be a copy of **R** (*Paris.gr.* 2936, see Dindorf[p.viii] and M. R. Dilts, "Apographs of Lost Codex

- .25 μιεθοφορᾶς Η R P Ca Fu Μm μιεθοφορίας F B S
- 145.14 ἀποδείξας αὐτὰς Τ Βς αὐτὰς ἀποδείξας Pr¹0 Oi Mf, Σ om. F B Ca Fu Mm
- 146.9 $\ddot{a}\nu$ Pr Oi Mf, om. T Bc, Σ om. F B Ca Fu Mm
- .11 ἐχθροῖc **T Bc** ἐναντίοιc **Pr Oi Mf**, Σ om. **Ca Fu Mm**Conjunctive and separative errors in **Ca Fu Mm** indicate that these mss. derive from a lost hyparchetype, codex **f**:
 - 33.5 χ . τ . $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ δ .] $\tau \dot{\alpha}$ δ . τ . χ . Ca Fu, Σ^{p} om. Mm
 - 112.8 ευετέλει οπ. Ca Fu Mm
 - .10 ἀλάττει] ἐναλάττει Ca Fu Mm
 - 113.6 οἰκείοις] ἰδίω Ca Fu Mm
 - 31.1-10 **Fu** (31.1-8 **Mm**) **Mm**, om. **Ca**
 - 57.10–16, 58.8–11 **Ca Fu**, om. **Mm**
 - 122.12 πολέμου Ca Mm πολλῶν Fu
 - 130.15 ἀκόντων Ca Mm ἀκὸν ὧν Fu

When **Fu** has scholia of **F**, these appear in the text in a numbered sequence for *Orr*. 1, 3 and 4, and *Scholia Ulpiani* appear in the margins for *Orr*. 1 and 3.¹¹ **Ca** and **Mm** combine both sets of scholia (**Ca** in a section containing only scholia, and **Mm** on folios after the text of each oration). For *Orr*. 1 and 3 codex **Fu** may preserve the format of lost codex **f**. For other orations **Ca Fu Mm** do not contain scholia (e.g. 10, 13, 14, 16, 17) or appear to derive scholia from *Parisinus gr*. 2935, **Y** (e.g. 11, 15, 22).

Codex Vallicellianus 36 C34, Re, is a composite codex of which the second part (ff. 286-373, saec. 15 exeunt.) contains excerpts from scholia on Or. 4 (ff. 354v-363v). The following evidence indicates that these are derived in part from lost codex f and in part from other MSS. (viz. 140.1-25 R S Re, om. Ca Fu Mm; 142.17-21 A H Re, om. Ca Fu Mm):

- 139.1 Zητοῦςι] Zητοῦςι γὰρ \mathbf{T} Zητοῦςι δέ τινες \mathbf{Bc} Zητοῦςι τινὲς \mathbf{Ca} \mathbf{Mm} \mathbf{Re} , Σ om. \mathbf{Fu}
 - .2 κατηγορε $\hat{\imath}$ T Bc $\hat{\eta}$ κατηγορία Ca Mm Re, Σ om. Fu

r for Demosthenis in Timocratem," *Prometheus* 3 [1977] 204–10). The siglum **P** refers to the edition of Morelli; see further nn.5 and 17.

¹⁰ Dindorf refers to **Pr** (*Paris.gr.* 2995, saec. 14) as **F**, a siglum normally used for *Marcianus gr.* 416.

¹¹ For *Or.* 4 **Fu** lacks marginal scholia, and all doublets of *Scholia Ulpiani* and **F** agree with **F** in error.

- 142.13 πρῶτον λέγειν **F B Ca Fu Mm Re** λέγειν πρῶτοι **T Bc** Codex **Re** contains a number of careless errors which verge on illiteracy:
 - 141.12 έμμεμενηκώς] έμμεμενηκόν **Re**
 - 142.11 πῶς λεληθότως] περιλεληθότως **Re**

Such readings and the brief selection of scholia render this Ms. of no value.

Codices **Oi Mf Sc** are shown to derive from a lost hyparchetype since all three Mss. contain the same scholia on *Or.* 1, and **Oi Mf** the same scholia on *Orr.* 3 and 4 as well as conjunctive and separative errors:

- 31.1–8 δεινῶς praebb. post 31.14 χρημάτων **Oi Mf Sc**
- 33.5 ιστέον-19 πεποιήκατιν om. Oi Mf Sc
- 32.22 $\dot{\epsilon}\nu$ τ. θ $\dot{\delta}$ βολούς **Oi Mf** $\dot{\epsilon}\nu$ τ. θ . transp. post $\dot{\delta}$ βολούς **Sc**
- 47.28 οi—48.2 ἀναχωρήςωςiν ($\delta\mu$.) **Oi Sc**, om. **Mf**
 - .28 καὶ—48.1 οὕτως Sc, om. Oi

Scholia contained in these Mss. constitute a selection from Scholia Ulpiani and are found on folios following the text of Orr. 1, 3 and 4. Other orations in **Oi Mf** contain scant excerpts from scholia, which do not merit consideration (Or. 10) or scholia from **Y** (Or. 11). **Oi** has scholia from **Y** on Orr. 15 and 22; 13, 14, 16 and 17 lack scholia (**Mf** lacks these orations).

Conjunctive and separative errors indicate that \mathbf{Vd} and \mathbf{Ah} derive scholia on Or. 1 from a common exemplar:

- 55.4 ώc om. **Vd Ah**
 - .7 ecτιν om. Vd Ah
- 57.1 $\mu \dot{\eta}$ om. Vd Ah
- 58.8 <καὶ τοῦτο > τῷ Vd Ah
- 31.10 $\tau \delta$ —32.3 $\pi \epsilon \pi \epsilon \iota \epsilon \iota \mu \alpha \iota \mathbf{Vd}$, om. Ah
- 57.22 χρηcθαι-58.2 **Ah**, om. **Vd**

Scholia on other orations appear in both Mss., but **Vd** derives these scholia from **Vb** (see n.7 and section III below) and **Ah** from Parisinus gr. 2940, **T**. Codex **Ah** is dated to the year 1525 and consists of selected scholia copied by Lazarus Bonamicus, who doubtless composed several scholia not known from other sources (e.g. 1.9 νῦν δὲ καιρὸς ἥκει δρα δὲ πῶς ἀθυμίας αὐτοὺς πληρώς ας διὰ τοῦ καταλόγου

¹² See M. E. Cosenza, Biographical and Bibliographical Dictionary of the Italian Humanists... I (Boston 1962) 644-45.

τῶν ἀπολωλότων χωρίων, πάλιν παραμυθήςατο διὰ τοῦ εἰπεῖν ὅτι πάλιν ἤκει καιρὸς οὐ χείρων ἐκείνων).

In sum, Oi Mf Sc and Vd Ah contain a briefer selection from Scholia Ulpiani than Ca Fu Mm, which in turn lack many scholia found in T Bc. One notable feature of these eight Mss. is that they do have from codex F readings which preserve the truth when T Bc are in error.¹³ In addition, the samples of text collated for this article have brought to light accepted readings found neither in T Bc nor in F:

- $56.12 \ \alpha \pi \delta^2$ Ca Fu Mm Oi Mf Sc Vd Ah $\psi \pi \delta$ T Bc
- 113.20 ὅτι πλείους εἰςὶ **Ca Fu Mm** ὅτι εἰςὶ πλείους **T Bc**, Σ om. **Oi Mf**
- 141.12 τὸν ἄλλον χρόνον **Ca Fu Mm** τῶν ἄλλων χρόνων (-νον \mathbf{T}^{ac}) \mathbf{T}^{pc} **Bc**, Σ om. **Oi Mf**
 - .15 ἀγορεύειν **Ca Fu Mm** ἀγορεύει **T** ἀγορεύων **Bc**, Σ om. **Oi Mf**

These involve minor corrections of the text of **TBc** and could be interpreted merely as felicitous conjectures. However obvious this conclusion may be, it is based on a collation of a portion of scholia on Orr. 1, 3 and 4 (see supra n.6), and further collation might well produce readings which derive from a source of equal or greater value than **TBc**. Moreover, since **Ca** (saec. 14) is nearly coeval with **TBc** (saec. 13) and since **Ca** contains a more complete text of scholia than its cognate Mss., it seems prudent to collate all scholia in **Ca** and weigh the results. Meanwhile codices **Fu Mm Oi Mf Sc Vd Ah** can be dismissed from further consideration.

II

Conjunctive errors indicate that the following Mss. derive scholia on the *Olynthiacs* and first *Philippic* from a common exemplar, lost codex w:¹⁴

¹³ Note, for example the following readings cited above (pp. 57,59) 56.11, 58.13, 64.16, 142.13.

^{14 33.16} μόνον **T Bc Ca Af Vb** μ $\hat{\alpha}$ λλον **Vf Wd Vs**, Σ ^p om. **Pv Ao**

^{56.10} Φιλίππου F B T Bc Ca Af Vb Φιλίππου πράγματα Vf Wd Vs Pv Ao

^{58.24} ἔχειν **F B T Bc Ca Vb** ἔχειν τὸν λόγον **Vf Wd Pv Ao**, ap. **Vs** Σ desunt post 58.5, Σ om. **Af**

^{.25} cυμφέροντι προςήκει **F B T Bc Ca Vb** προςήκοντι cυμφέρει **Vf Wd Pv Ao**, Σ om. **Af**

Vf,¹⁵ Rome, Biblioteca Apostolica Vaticana, gr. 76, saec. 14 Wd, Vienna, Oesterreichische Nationalbibliothek, phil.gr. 105, saec. 14

Vs, Rome, Biblioteca Apostolica Vaticana, gr. 2207, saec. 14/15

Pv, Paris, Bibliothèque Nationale, gr. 2999, saec. 15

Ao, Milan, Biblioteca Ambrosiana, Q 12 sup., saec. 15

Vi,¹⁶ Rome, Biblioteca Apostolica Vaticana, gr. 1367, saec. 15. Apographs of codex w contain scholia not found in **T Bc**:

29.5 ἢθικὸν—11 θεραπεύει **F B Vf Wd Vs Pv Ao**, cf. 31.1–7 θεραπεύει **T Bc**

156.19–21 **FBWdVsPvAo**, Σ om. **ViTBc**

.28–157.2 **F B Wd Pv Ao**, Σ om. **Vi T Bc**

143.26-144.2 P Wd Vs Pv Ao Vi, Σ om. F B T Bc

144.7–9 P Wd Vs Pv Ao Vi, Σ om. F B T Bc

.10-12 **PWdVsPvAoVi**, Σ om. **FBTBc**

Like MSS. represented by \mathbf{Ca} , readings and scholia in apographs of \mathbf{w} point to contamination from $\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{B})$. In addition \mathbf{w} contained scholia found neither in $\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{B})$ nor in $\mathbf{T}\mathbf{Bc}$ (e.g. the last three scholia listed above). These were first edited by Morelli in 1570, and he probably derived them from \mathbf{Pv} .¹⁷

Three MSS. (Vs Pv Ao) derive still more scholia from recensions independent of TBc. Vs contains scholia which doubtless derive from codex A, Monacensis gr. 485, saec. 10:

156.8-10 **A H Vs**, om. **Wd Pv Ao Vi**

.11-14 AHRVs, om. WdPvAoVi

.21-24 A Vs, om. Wd Pv Ao Vi

Similarly **Pv Ao** contain scholia found in the recension of **F** (**B**), which are lacking in **T Bc Vf Wd Vs**: 41.11-12, 44.17-24, 26-45.5;

^{113.11} περὶ ποιότητος προςώπων **A H R Wd Vs**(?) **Pv Ao** περὶ ποιότητα προςώπου **T Bc Ca Vb**, Σ om. **Af**

^{142.2} τριάκοντα δύο **F B T Bc Ca Af Vb** λξ' **Wd Pv Ao** τριάκοντα τὸ ἐξ **Vi**, Σ om. **Vs**15 **Vf** contains scholia only for Or. 1, ff. 5^v-13^v. These folios are part of the first of two recensions of Demosthenic scholia in this codex; see Dilts, opp.citt. (supra n.4) 37–39 and (subra n.9) 207.

¹⁶ Vi contains scholia from this recension only for *Or.* 4; *Orr.* 1 and 3 have scholia from **Bc**.

^{17 112.11} διὰ τῶν ἔργων δείκνυει **Wd Vs** ἄμα γὰρ δεινὸν χρῆςθαι πράγμαςι τοῦτον δείκνυει **Pv**. Morelli attributes this reading to codex η , the seventh of the Mss. he used $(\alpha-\theta)$; see further J. T. Voemel, ed. *Demosthenis contiones quae circumferuntur* (Halle 1857) 183. Scholia first edited by Morelli also appear in **Af** and **Vb** (see section III).

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135.4–10, 15–18; 138.5–6, 8–11; 144.3–5, 14–18; 147.8–18.¹⁸ These scholia appear to derive from a comparison of **F** and **B**, since **Pv Ao** sometimes agree with **F** but not **B** (e.g. 134.16 κ . τ . c. **B** τ . c. κ . **F Pv Ao**) and vice versa (e.g. 154.13–17 **B Pv Ao**, om. **F**), and at other times **Pv Ao** combine readings in **F** and **B**:

- 136.11 ως επανορθωτικὸν \mathbf{F} επανορθωτικώς \mathbf{B} ως επανορθωτικώς \mathbf{Pv} \mathbf{Ao}
- 137.5 πλείονα ἐν **F** πλείον τὰ **B** πλείον τὰ ἐν **Pv** (πλείω **Ao**) **Ao**The following separative errors indicate that codex **Vf** is an independent copy of lost codex **w**:
 - 32.12 είπειν Wd Vs Pv Ao είπειν διά Vf
 - 54.26 γὰρ **Wd Vs Pv Ao** γὰρ ὁ ἡήτωρ **Vf**
 - 56.4 μέλλει **Wd Vs Pv Ao** τὸ μέλλον **Vf**

Three readings for scholia on Or. 1 aver a common source for **Wd** and **Vs**:

- 32.26 $\delta \pi$. $\delta \pi \rho$. Φ . **T Bc** $\delta \Phi$. $\delta \pi \rho$. π . **Wd Vs** $\delta \pi \rho$. Φ . π . **Vf** (32.24–33.19 om. **Pv Ao**)
- 55.3 δείκνυςι **T Bc Wd Vs** δείκνυςι μιμεῖται γὰρ ἀεὶ τὴν τῶν πραγμάτων φύςιν **Vf Pv Ao**
- 57.3 παρ' ἄλλου καὶ ἀναγκαζόμενος **F B** καὶ ἀναγ. παρ' ἄλλου **T Bc Wd Vs** καὶ ἀναγ. ὑπ' ἄλλων **Vf Pv Ao**

and the following separative errors indicate that each of these MSS. is independent of the other:

 Σ post 58.5 τ óκ ω om. \mathbf{Vs}

113.3 'Ολυνθίοις $\mathbf{V}\mathbf{s}$ $\mathring{\alpha}^{\theta}$ (sc. $\mathring{\alpha}\theta$ ηναίοις) $\mathbf{W}\mathbf{d}$.20–114.5 $\mathbf{W}\mathbf{d}$, om. $\mathbf{V}\mathbf{s}$

Wd contains Scholia Ulpiani for Orr. 1, 2, 3 and 4; other orations lack scholia (cf. 13, 14, 16, 17) or contain scholia from Y (cf. 11, 15, 20, 21, 22, 24). Vs has selections from Scholia Ulpiani on Orr. 1, 3 and 4; other orations are without scholia or contain scholia from ARY (cf. Or. 22=AR, Or. 24=AY, see further n.9).

Codex **Pv** contains excerpts from *Scholia Ulpiani* with numerous scholia from **F** and **B**. For *Orr*. 1, 3 and 4 **Ao** is shown to derive from **Pv**, since **Ao** shares the scholia as well as errors of **Pv** with omissions (no separative errors have been noted for **Pv**):

32.24 οὐδὲ-33.19 πεποιήκατιν Vf Wd Vs, om. Pv Ao

¹⁸ Some of these scholia are also attributed by Dindorf to codices **HRS** (see *supra* n.9) as well as to **P**, the edition of Morelli, but readings indicate that **Pv Ao** derive from the tradition of **F** (**B**).

139.8 εὐπορίας Wd Vi ἀπορίας Pv Ao

141.3 " $O\tau\iota$ — $\tau\hat{\omega}$ Wd (" $O\tau\iota$ om. Vi) Vi o $\tilde{v}\tau\omega$ Pv Ao

34.27-28, 46.8-9, 69n8 Pv, om. Ao

For Or. 4 Pv (Ao) and Vi clearly derive from a lost hyparchetype. Thus Pv (Ao) and Vi have conjunctive errors against Wd (Vs omits scholia cited):

141.3 περιβ. Wd περιβ. λόγων Pv Vi παραβ. λόγων Ao

.4 προτάς εως **Wd** προτάς εως καὶ κέχρηται τούτῳ τῷ παραδείγματι **Pv Ao Vi**

142n13 πολλάκις **Wd** ὅτι πολλάκις **Pv Ao Vi**

and Pv (see 139.8 and 141.3, supra and Vi have separative errors:

142.1 $\lambda \acute{\epsilon} \gamma$. $\pi \rho$. **Pv Ao** $\pi \rho$. $\lambda \acute{\epsilon} \gamma$. **Vi**

.10 θέλει-γερόντων **Pv Ao** λέγει τ. γ. εἰπεῖν **Vi**

Pv Ao contain Scholia Ulpiani only on Orr. 1, 2, 3 and 4; for scholia on other orations in Vi see n.16.

Of the apographs of lost codex **w**, **Wd** contains the most complete text of Scholia Ulpiani. (**Vf** has Scholia Ulpiani only for Or. 1, **Pv Vi** contain a scant selection of scholia, ¹⁹ and scholia in **Vs** end at 58.5 $\tau \delta \kappa \omega$ for Or. 1 while Orr. 3 and 4 have selected scholia.) Accordingly, readings of this recension can be practically mustered from **Wd**. Like **Ca** and other Mss. discussed in section **I**, **Wd** does preserve accepted readings when **TBc** are in error. Two of these are also found in **Ca** (see 56.12 and 141.12, cited on p.60), and they may result from conjecture or archetypal variants (see p.65). In addition **Wd** contributes one accepted reading not found in other Mss.: 139.1 $Z\eta\tau v \hat{v}c\iota \epsilon i Wd Pv Vi Z\eta\tau v \hat{v}c\iota \gamma \alpha \rho T Z\eta\tau v \hat{v}c\iota \tau \iota \nu \epsilon c Ca Z\eta\tau v \hat{v}c\iota \delta \epsilon \tau \iota \nu \epsilon c$ $\delta\tau\iota$ **Bc**, Σ om. **Af Vb**. Given these readings and the fact that **Wd** is independent of **TBc Ca**, this Ms. merits full collation with the expectation that it will yield further unique readings or at the least a more complete picture of the archetype.

III

Codices Ambrosianus C 235 inf., **Af** (Milan, Biblioteca Ambrosiana, saec. 13/14) and Vaticanus gr. 68, **Vb** (Rome, Biblioteca Apostolica Vaticana, saec. 14 init.), contain Scholia Ulpiani on Orr. 1, 2, 3 and 4.

¹⁹ **Pv** does have several scholia from $\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{B})$ lacking in \mathbf{Wd} , but these are not relevant for editing *Scholia Ulpiani*.

Af and Vb lack scholia on other orations, with the exception of 15, 21 and 24, for which Vb has scholia from Y. Some scholia in these two Mss. derive readings from recensions which are independent of TBc:

- 64.11-12 ἐπὶ Φιλίππω πλέον τὴν ἀπιστίαν ηὔξησα **Af Vb Wd**, of. **FBS** om. **TBc Ca**
- 65.3-4 FB Af Vb Wd, om. T Bc Ca
- 66.15–16 πανταχόθεν...τ. Φ. **F B Af Ca** τ. Φ. πανταχόθεν **T Bc** ἀποδ. πανταχόθεν τ. Φ. **Vb Wd**
- 116.11-12 AFBVb, om. AfTBc Ca Wd
- 122.1-2 **FBVb**, om. **AfTBcCaWd**
- 143.23-24 **FB Af Vb Ca Wd**, om. **T Bc**
 - .26-144.2, 144.7-9, 10-12 **P Af Vb Wd**, om. **T Bc Ca**
- 145.17 δύναμιν **T Bc Wd** δύναμιν ην ἔχει ὁ Μακεδών **Pr Af Vb**, Σ om. **Ca**

Although some of the scholia cited above appear in **Ca** and **Wd** or **Wd**, **Af Vb** are clearly independent of **Ca** (see 64.11–12, 65.3–4 etc.) and **Wd** (see 66.15–16). Moreover, the following readings indicate that **Vb** does not derive from **Af** and *vice versa*:

54.26 καὶ-27 ἡήτωρ hab. **T Bc Ca Wd**, om. **Vb**, 54.26-55.7 om. **Af** 115.26 ἡήτορας **Af T Bc Ca Wd** ἡήτορας <116.2 ὅτι-3 ςκοπεῖν > **Vb** 142.5 ςαν. τινὰς **Af T Bc Ca Wd** τινας ςαν. **Vb**

Thus far we have seen that **Af Vb** are independent witnesses, and at this point it is appropriate to determine whether or not these Mss. are of value in establishing the text of *Scholia Ulpiani*. While **Af Vb** lack some scholia contained in **T Bc**, these two Mss., like **Ca Wd**, sometimes preserve correct readings when **T Bc** are in error:

- 31.7 δ. ἀντ. αὐτοῖς εὐθὺς **Y Af Vb** δ. ἀντ. εὐθὺς αὐτοῖς **Wd** ὑφορμοῦντα **T Bc** ὑφορμῶντα **Ca**
- 56.12 ἀπὸ² **Af Vb Ca Wd** ὑπὸ **T Bc** 56.12 οἶον—57.1 τοιούτων οm. **F B H R S**
- 66.9 ἄλλοις hab. F B Af Vb Wd, om. T Bc Ca
- 113.2 μεταςτής αι **A Vb** μεταςτήναι **T Bc Ca Wd**, Σ om. **Af**
- 118.18 προθυμία **Af Vb** βοηθεία **T Bc** επουδεία **Wd** (ut apparet), Σ om. **Ca**

In three instances (31.7, 66.9, 113.2) **Af Vb** or **Vb** preserves correct readings variously found in **F Y A**. Since these readings do occur in independent recensions, they do not alone justify full collation, but in other cases **Af Vb** preserve the truth for *Scholia Ulpiani* not found

in independent recensions. At 56.12 **Af Vb** have the correct reading along with **Ca Wd**. This could derive from independent conjecture in all four Mss. or from a double reading in the archetype. The case for archetypal doublets becomes more cogent in light of 118.18, where **Af Vb** alone preserve the accepted reading and **TBc Wd** variants. In addition, the following variants are most readily explained as double readings in the archetype:

- 66.15–16 πανταχόθεν . . . τ. Φ. Ca Af τ. Φ. πανταχόθεν T Bc ἀποδ. πανταχόθεν τ. Φ. Wd Vb
- 139.1 Ζητοῦςι εἰ **Wd** Ζητοῦςι γὰρ **T** Ζητοῦςί τινες **Ca** Ζητοῦςι δέ τινες ὅτι **Bc**, Σ om. **Af Vb**
- 141.23 οὕτω μὲν οὖτος **T Bc** οὖτος μὲν οὕτω **F B Wd** οὖν μὲν οὕτω **Ca Af**
- $142.2 ext{ } πολλ <math>\hat{\eta}$ **F B T Bc Vb** $πολ \hat{v}$ **Ca Wd Af**

Af Vb date at least to the beginning of the fourteenth century,²⁰ and they are therefore, after **T** Bc, the oldest witnesses to the text of the archetype. This fact, as well as the correct readings found in Af or Vb or both, justify collation of these Mss.

* * * * *

Contrary to the closed tradition established for Scholia Ulpiani on Demosthenis in Timocratem (Or. 24),²¹ Mss. of Scholia Ulpiani on the Olynthiacs and first Philippic contain readings and scholia from independent recensions. Thus of the eleven Mss. containing Scholia Ulpiani on Or. 24, none contains a text contaminated from independent recensions, but an average of 50.6 per cent of the Mss. containing Scholia Ulpiani on Orr. 1, 3 and 4 show signs of contamination.²² This is all the more remarkable since in both Orr. 24 and 1, 3 and 4 Scholia Ulpiani are often cognate with independent recensions (e.g. AYFB). Clearly the Mss. considered here reflect a stage in the text tradition of Demosthenic scholia in which interest in comparing Vorlagen for scholia on orations at the beginning of the corpus was greater than for subsequent orations. This is borne out by the fact

²⁰ On **Vb**, see J. Irigoin, "Les filigranes de Fabriani...," Scriptorium 12 (1958) 46, 47.

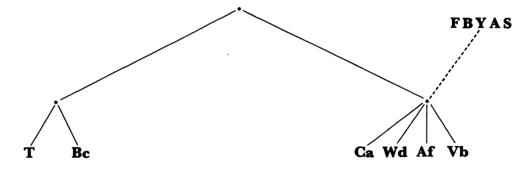
²¹ See Dilts, op.cit. (supra n.4) 35-50.

²² For Or. 1, 48 % (15 of 31 Mss.) are part of the contaminated tradition; for Or. 3, 50 % (12 of 24 Mss.); for Or. 4, 54 % (13 of 24 Mss.).

that contaminated MSS. contain Scholia Ulpiani only for the beginning of the corpus, and other orations (13, 14, 16, 17, 24) lack scholia or contain scholia from other MSS., most notably Y.

The terminus ante quem for such philological activity is the end of the thirteenth or the beginning of the fourteenth century, since **Af** is dated saec. 13/14, **Vb** has been dated to the beginning of the fourteenth century, and the lost exemplars of **Ca** and **Wd** (both saec. 14) were doubtless as old. In other words, these MSS. date from a period coeval with or slightly later than **T Bc**.

Fifteen of the seventeen MSS. discussed in this article have been shown to derive from two hyparchetypes, which can be cited adequately from **Ca** and **Wd**. **Af Vb** together with **Ca Wd** represent a branch of the MS. tradition which is independent of **T Bc**, as can be seen from the following simplified stemma for Scholia Ulpiani on Orations 1-4:



Prior to Dindorf, editions of Scholia Ulpiani were based primarily on the Aldine edition of 1503 with accretions of readings from Mss. in Paris collected by Morelli (1570). Frequently the Aldine edition departs from the paradosis, and one of Dindorf's contributions was to eliminate some of these aberrations; but many remain in his text, regrettably without any account of the paradosis. Moreover Dindorf used an imperfect collation of only one primary Ms. (T).²³ A new edition is clearly in order, and for Scholia Ulpiani on the first four orations of Demosthenes it should be based on Bc Ca Wd Af Vb as well as T. Making use of these six primary Mss. will result in a text

²³ He also used two apographs *Paris.gr.* 2944 (**D**) and *Paris.gr.* 2946 (**C**). Dindorf (viii) did recognize that **D** is a copy of **T**, but he reports to excess readings from **C**, which preserves an interpolated version of *Scholia Ulpiani*; see Dilts, *op.cit.* (*supra* n.4) 42–45.

which conforms to modern critical standards and contains a full account of *Scholia Ulpiani* not found in T^{24} and variant readings.²⁵

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²⁴ These include several scholia in **Bc**, which have not been edited as well as those edited by Morelli (see *supra* nn.5 and 17).

²⁵ A grant from the American Philosophical Society has facilitated purchase of microfilm copies of Demosthenic MSS., and travel grants from the American Council of Learned Societies (1973 and 1977) and the Arts and Science Research Fund of New York University (1975) have made possible inspection of MSS.